

N88 - 17618

# **RESPONSE OF WIND SHEAR WARNING SYSTEMS TO TURBULENCE WITH IMPLICATION OF NUISANCE ALERTS**

DR. ROLAND L. BOWLES  
NASA Langley  
FltMD

# **TURBULENCE RESPONSE OF WIND SHEAR WARNING SYSTEMS**

---

## **STUDY OBJECTIVE**

PREDICT THE INHERENT TURBULENCE RESPONSE CHARACTERISTICS OF CANDIDATE WIND SHEAR WARNING SYSTEM CONCEPTS AND ASSESS POTENTIAL FOR NUISANCE ALERTS

## **FACTORS CONSIDERED**

- O DEVELOPMENT OF ANALYSIS TOOLS
- O SYSTEM CONCEPT BASED ON F-FACTOR HAZARD INDEX
- O TURBULENCE INDUCED THRESHOLD EXCEEDANCE PROBABILITY
- O HAZARD THRESHOLD VS. SYSTEM LATENCY TRADE STUDY

## WIND SHEAR "HIT"

---

O HAZARD INDEX:

$$F = \frac{\dot{W}_x}{g} - \frac{W_h}{V}$$

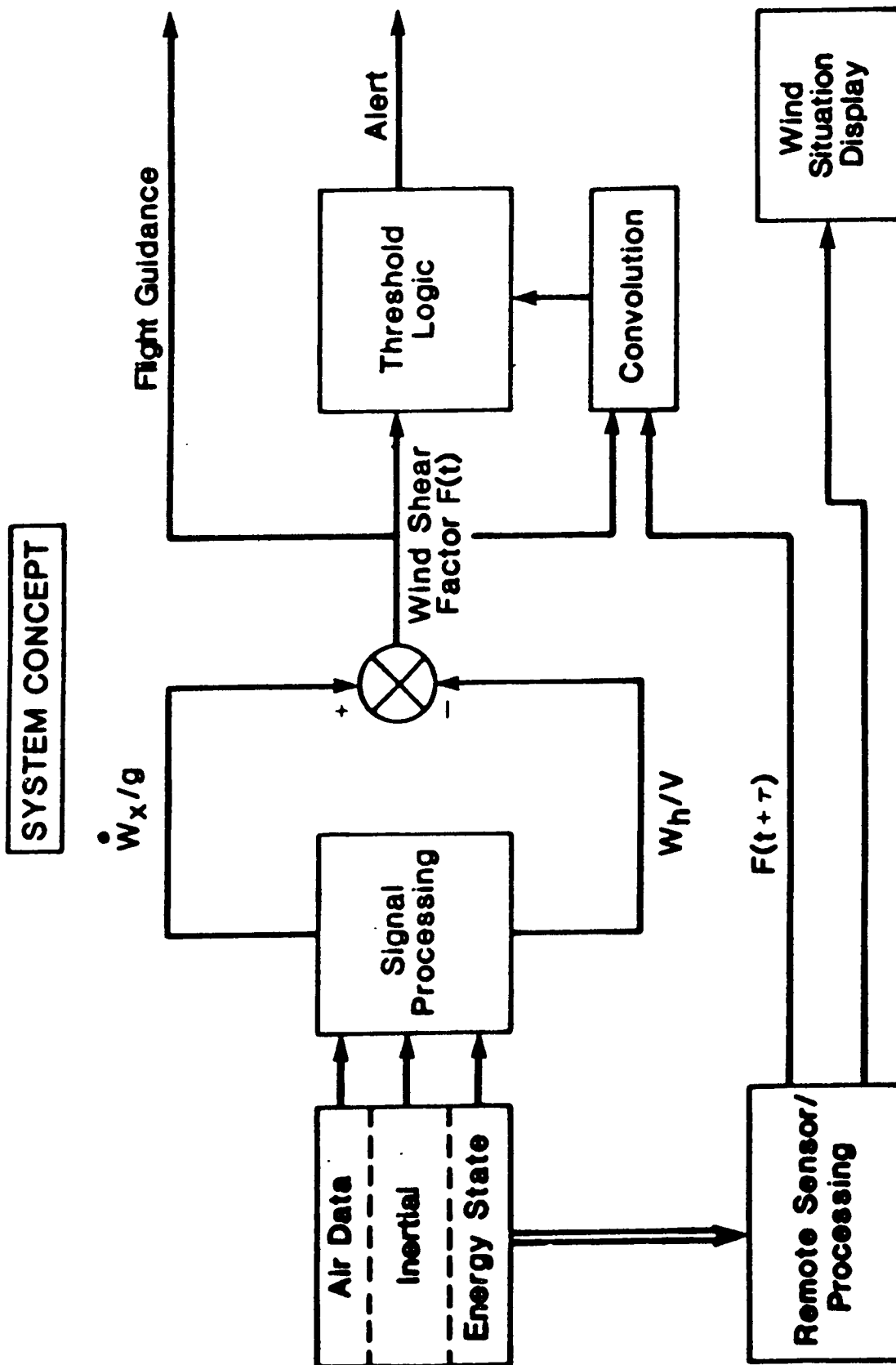
89

Q ALERT AND WARNING THRESHOLD DETERMINED BY MAX. PERMISSIBLE  
F IN RELATION TO AVAILABLE AIRCRAFT PERFORMANCE CAPABILITY

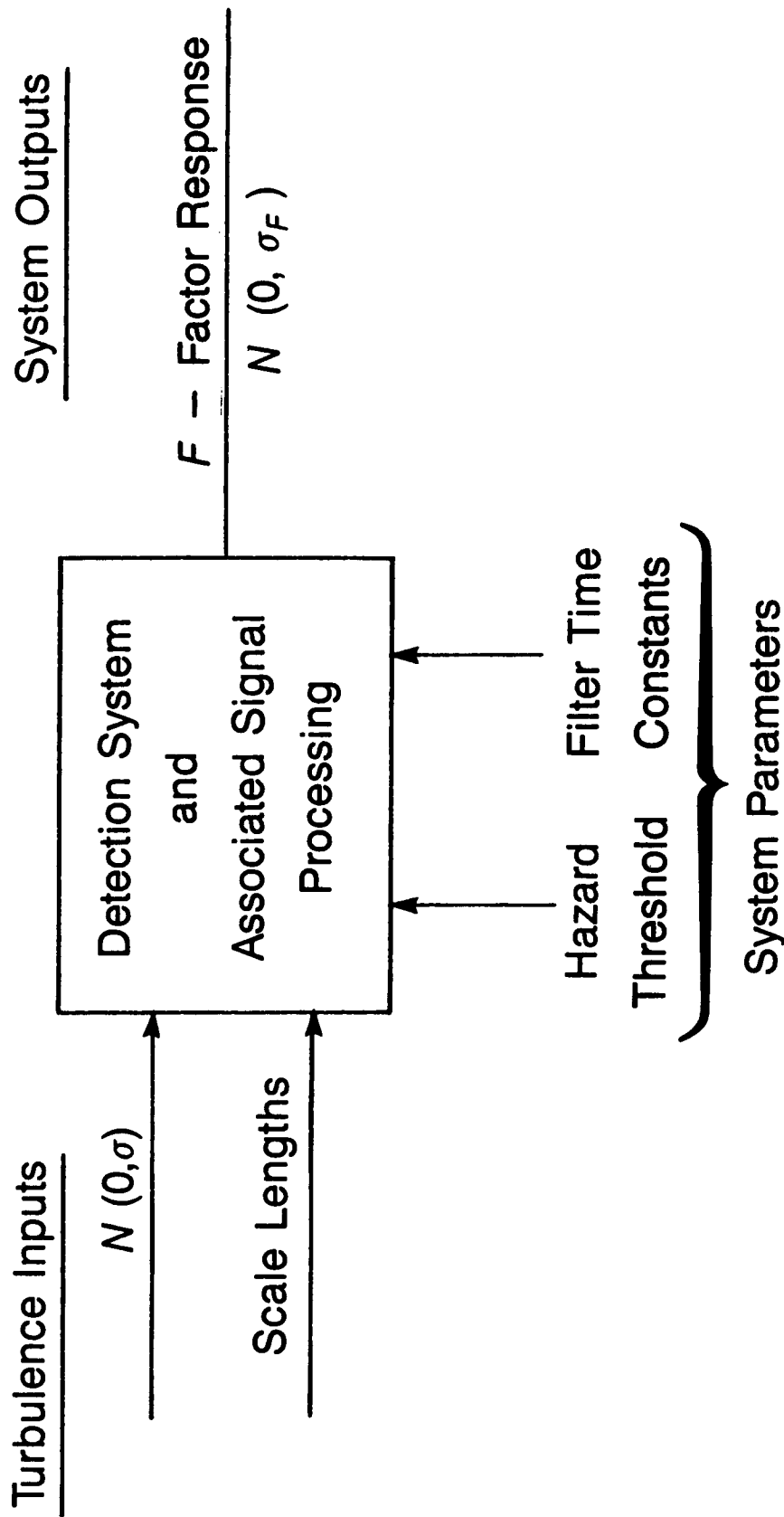
O F IS A SENSED QUANTITY

O HAZARD INDEX APPLICABLE TO BOTH INSITU--SENSED INFORMATION  
AND REMOTE--SENSED WIND SHEAR

# FUSION OF PRESENT POSITION AND PREDICTIVE INFORMATION

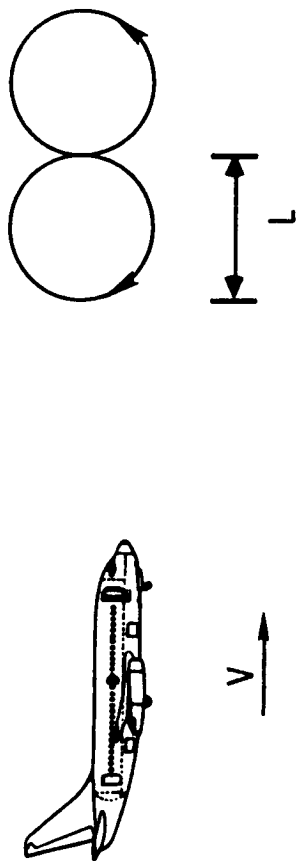


# TECHNICAL APPROACH

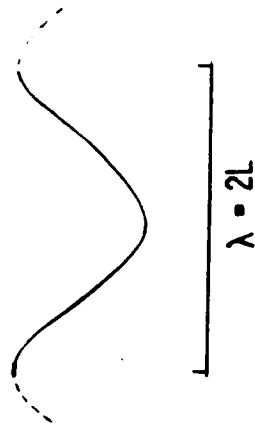


# PHYSICAL MODEL

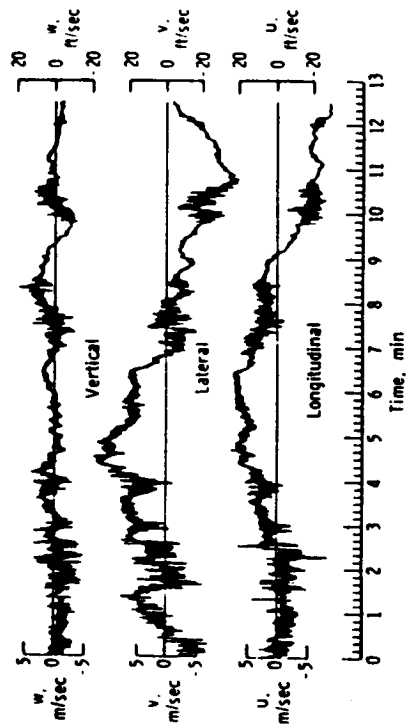
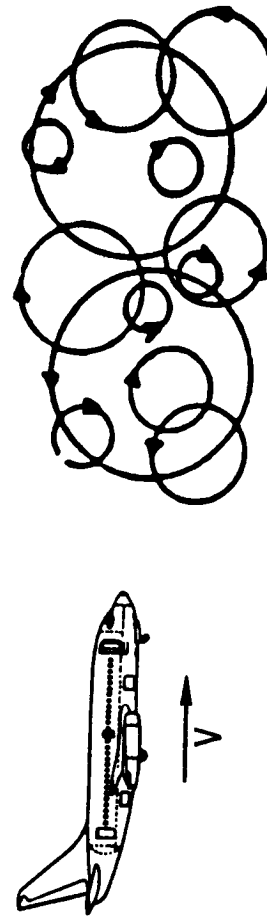
TURBULENCE EDDY



RESPONSE

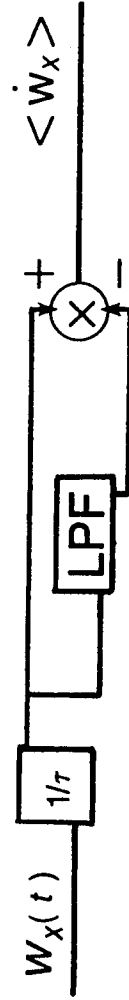


TURBULENCE STRUCTURE



## MATHEMATICAL MODEL

- $F = \dot{w}_{x/g} - w_{h/v}$
- $w_x$ ;  $w_h$  Random Uncorrelated Turbulence
- $\sigma_F^2 = \sigma_{w_{x/g}}^2 + \sigma_{w_{h/v}}^2 \quad \sigma^2 = E[(x - \bar{x})^2], \bar{x} = E[x] = 0$
- $\sigma_F^2 = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} (\phi_{\dot{w}_{x/g}} + \phi_{w_{h/v}}) d\Omega$
- Dryden Turbulence Model Selected
- Rate Estimator



# F-FACTOR ROOT MEAN SQUARE TURBULENCE RESPONSE

$$\sigma_F = \frac{\sigma_w}{V} \left[ \frac{V^2}{\mu^2} \left( \frac{\sigma_u}{\sigma_w} \right)^2 + 1 \right]^{1/2}$$

$$\mu = g \tau \sqrt{1 + L / V \tau}$$

$g = 32.2 \text{ ft/sec}^2$

$V = \text{Airspeed ft/sec}$

$\tau = \text{Rate Estimator Time Constant sec.}$

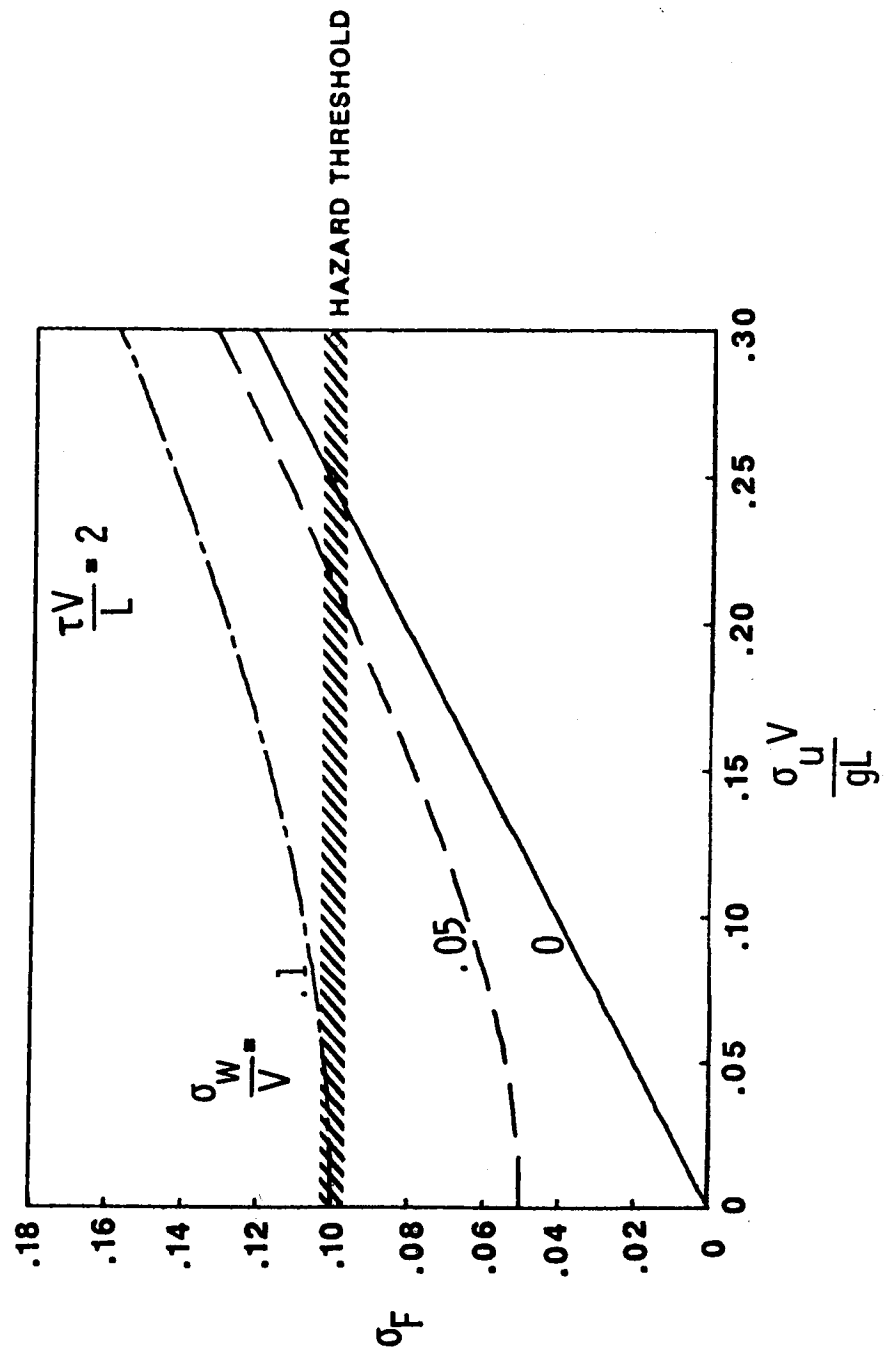
$L = \text{Longitudinal Turbulence Scale Length ft}$

$\sigma_u = \text{RMS Longitudinal Turbulence Intensity ft/sec}$

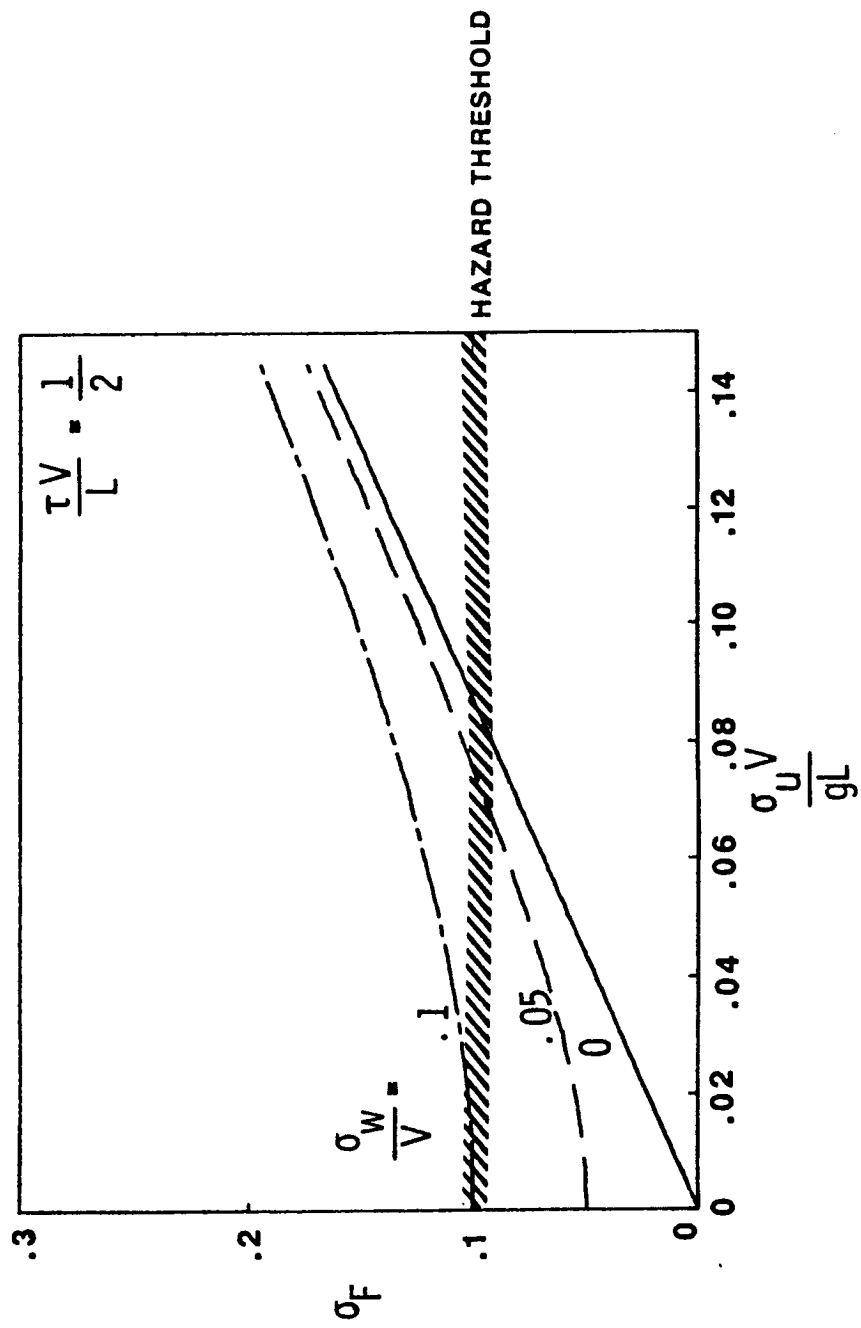
$\sigma_w = \text{RMS Vertical Turbulence Intensity ft/sec}$



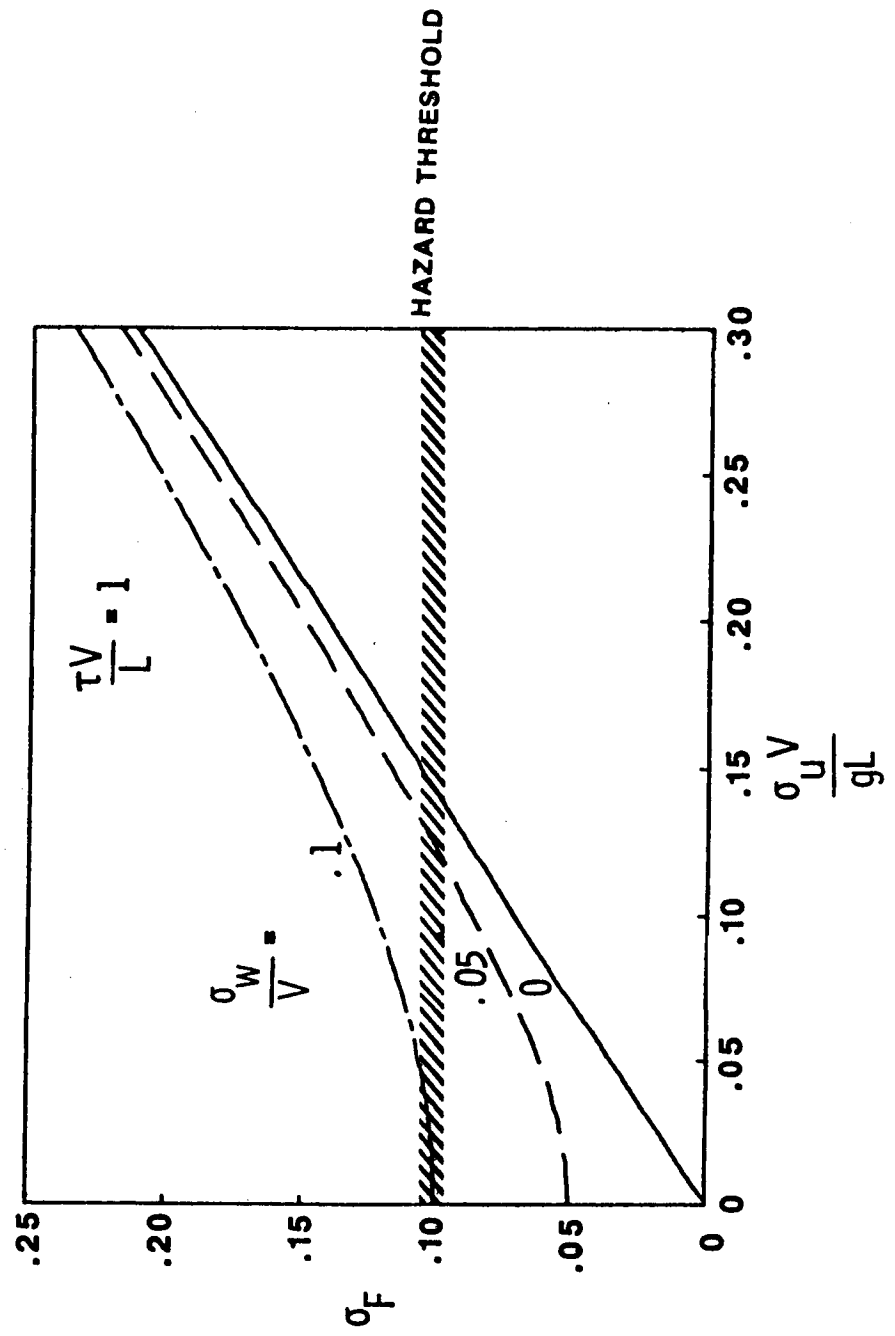
# STANDARD DEVIATION OF F-FACTOR DUE TO TURBULENCE



# STANDARD DEVIATION OF F-FACTOR DUE TO TURBULENCE

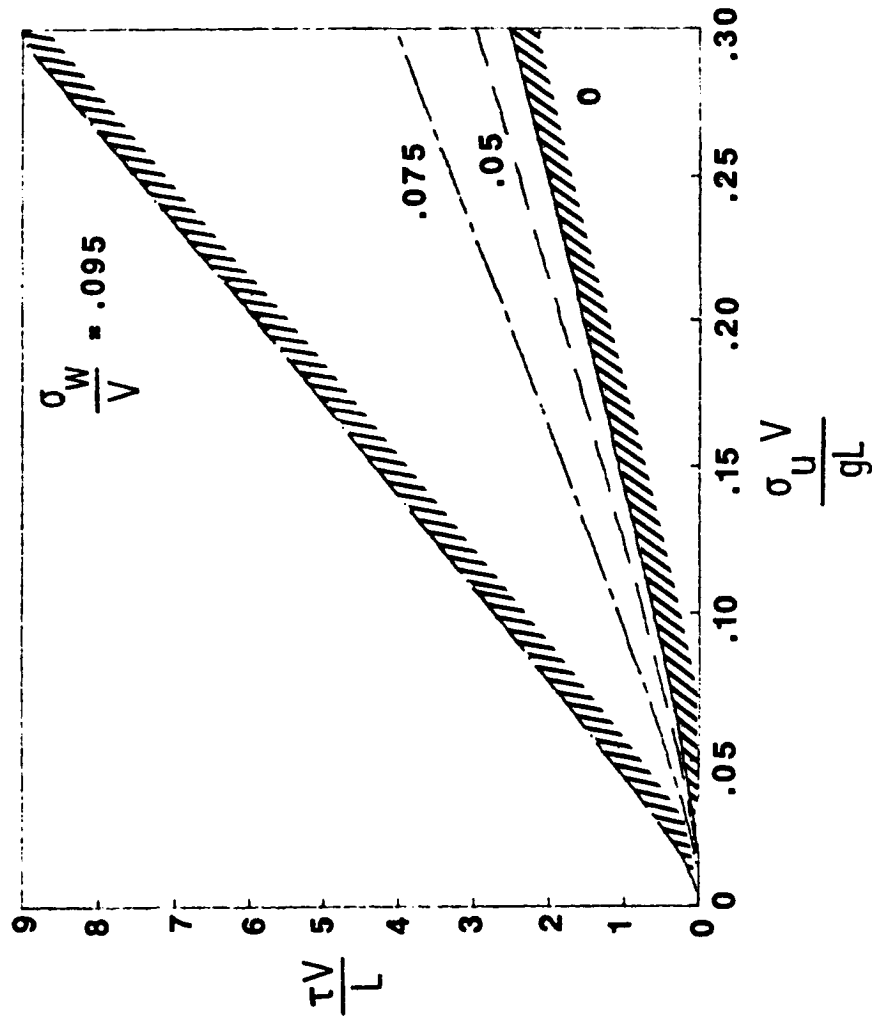


# STANDARD DEVIATION OF F-FACTOR DUE TO TURBULENCE



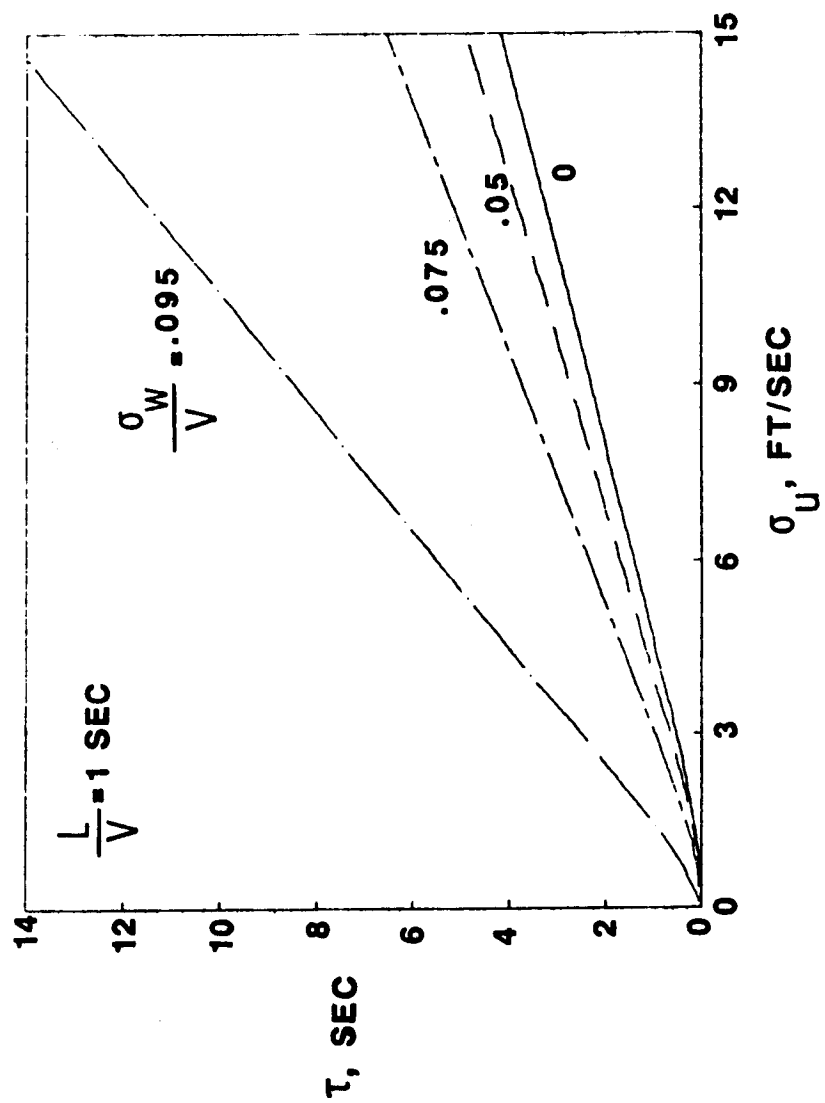
# REQUIRED $\frac{\tau V}{L}$ BOUNDARIES TO MAINTAIN THRESHOLD INTEGRITY

$\sigma_F$  THRESHOLD = .1



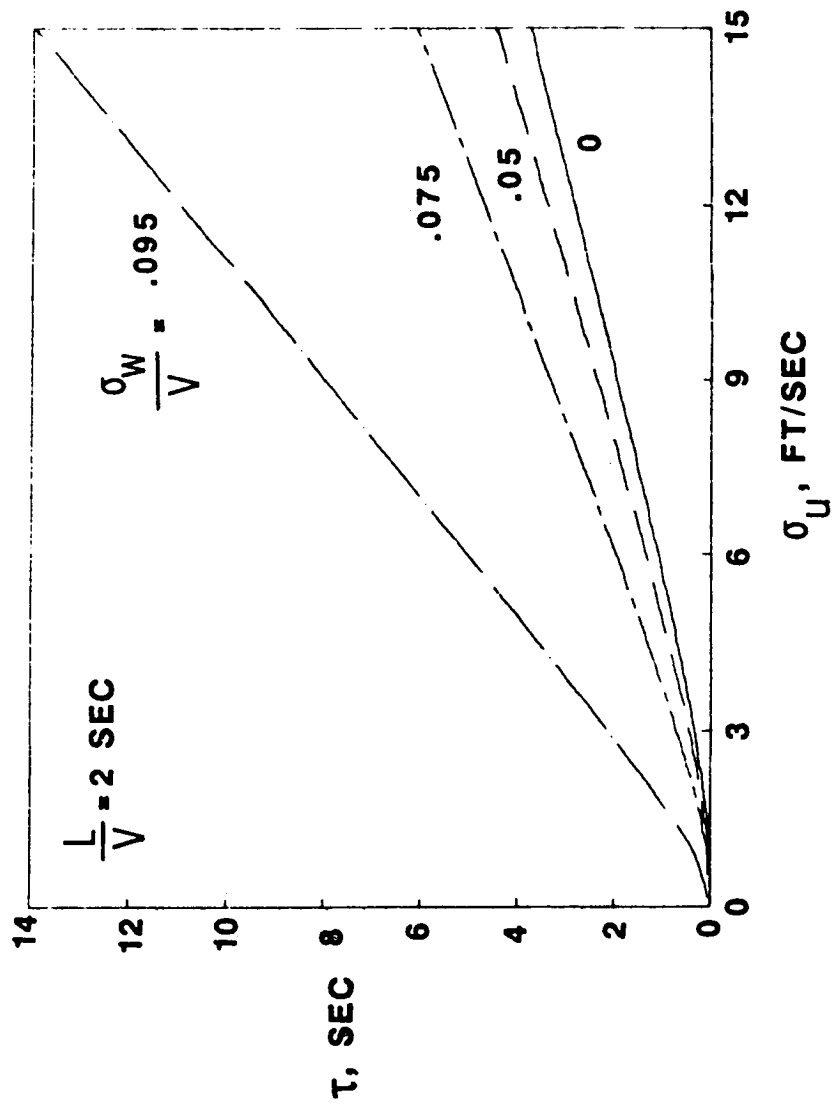
# TAU REQUIRED TO SATISFY THRESHOLD CRITERIA

UNFILTERED VERTICAL CHANNEL



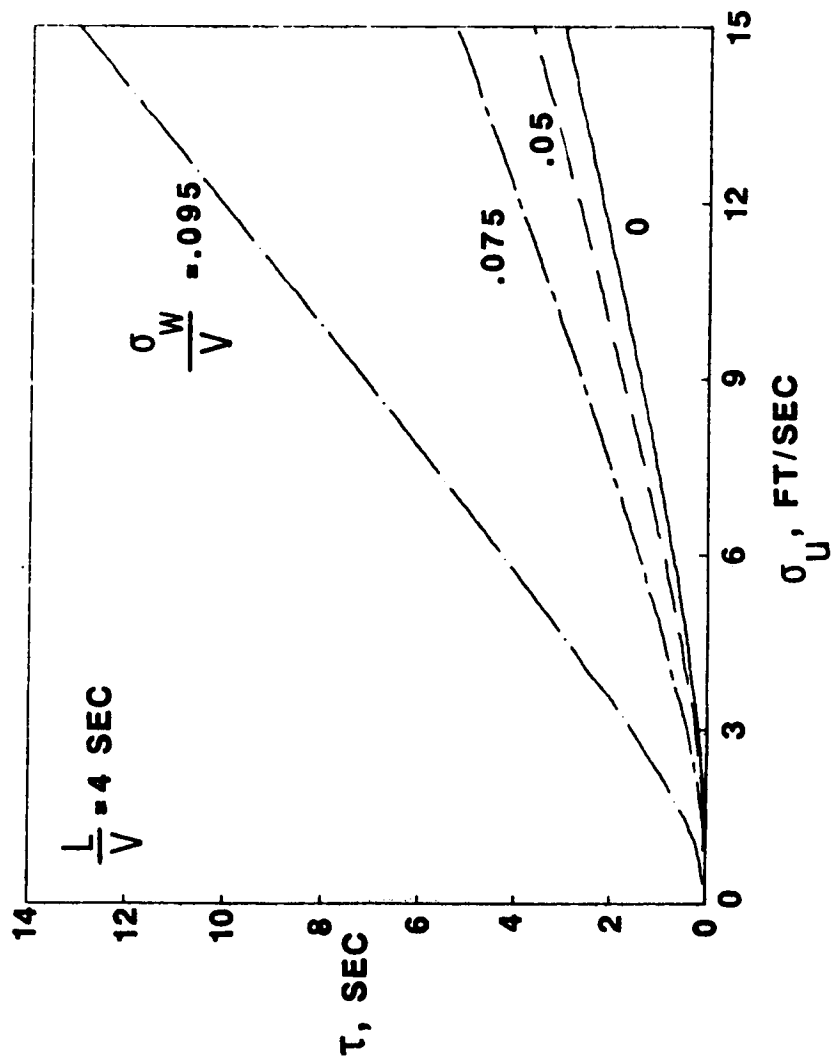
# TAU REQUIRED TO SATISFY THRESHOLD CRITERIA

UNFILTERED VERTICAL CHANNEL



# TAU REQUIRED TO SATISFY THRESHOLD CRITERIA

UNFILTERED VERTICAL CHANNEL



## F-FACTOR EXCEEDANCE PROBABILITY ONCE TURBULENCE IS ENCOUNTERED

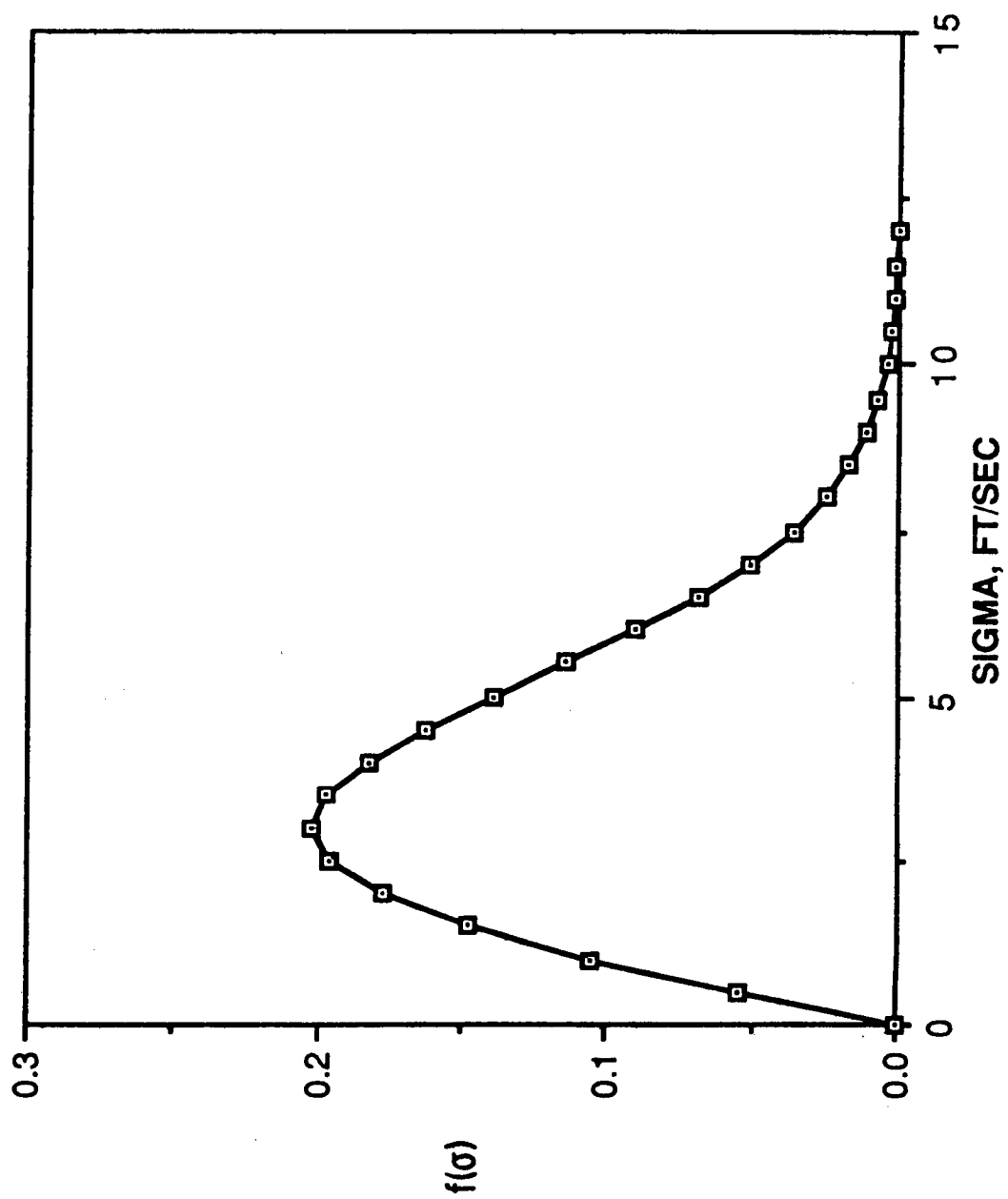
$$P(F \geq Z) = \int_0^{\infty} P(F \geq Z / \sigma_F(\sigma)) f(\sigma) d\sigma$$

$$P(F \geq Z) = f(\tau, Z, V, L)$$

Provides Basis for Parametric Trade Studies
---------------------------------------------



# RMS GUST VELOCITY PROBABILITY DENSITY (NEUTRAL LAPSE RATE)



# TURBULENCE CONDITIONS

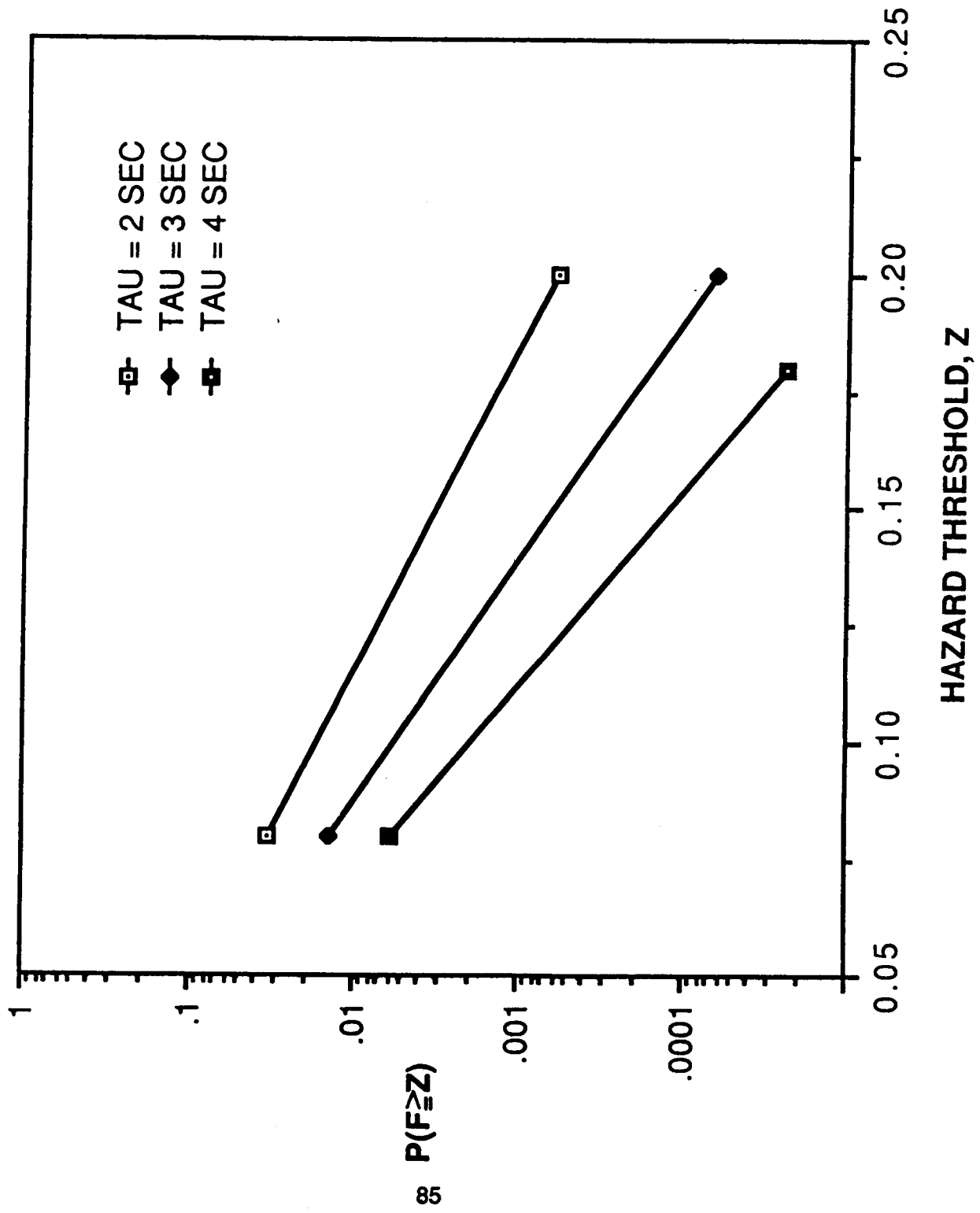
$$\sigma_u = \left( \frac{\sigma_u}{\sigma_w} \right) \sigma_w$$

Application:

$$\frac{\sigma_u}{\sigma_w} = 1 \quad \text{Altitude} \geq 1000 \text{ ft (Isotropic)}$$

$$\frac{\sigma_u}{\sigma_w} = 2 \quad \text{Altitude} < 1000 \text{ ft}$$

# F EXCEEDANCE PROBABILITY DUE TO TURBULENCE



# HAZARD THRESHOLD VS. RATE ESTIMATOR TIME CONSTANT

